FOURTH NINE WEEKS

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK HOUGHTON MIFFLIN HOUGHTON MIFFLIN **CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK** Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes FLUENCY, **DECODING & SPELLING ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS PRINT CONCEPTS & SKILLS** & PROCESSES **PHONICS STRATEGY Fluency** To be successful with this standard, To be successful with this standard, students are Clarify for Phonics/Decode • Modeling and explicit explanation: students are expected to expected to **Manipulating Phonemes** reading with expression, pausing at Week 1 isolate and manipulate phonemes • engage in reading-aloud activities voluntarily period, voice reflect exclamation point • r- controlled Vowels: ore, or count phonemes in words with a Echo reading • read a wide variety of self-selected and teacher-• r- controlled Vowels: ur, er, ir maximum of three syllables • Rereading familiar text selected stories, poems, and informational texts • Review Pairs of Vowels, oy, oi, au, aw • Independent reading aloud • Review Suffixes, -ful, y, ly identify the onset and rime of words • use clues of punctuation, including period, question **Concepts of Print** Week 2 mark, exclamation point, commas, and quotation generate words that rhyme with a • Directionality: left to right • R- controlled Vowels: ar marks, to guide their reading teacher-given word • Apostrophe to show possession • Review r-controlled vowels from week 1 use expression and intonation to convey meaning • Quotation marks to show exact words of segment words by saying each when reading aloud speaker (dialog) Week 3 • Contractions with 's • Endings and Base Words -est, -er • practice reading in texts on their independent blend separately spoken phonemes • Tracking sentence from one page to next reading level to develop accuracy, fluency, and • Review Endings and Base Words -est, -er to make word parts and words with expression. one to three syllables Phonics/Decoding Strategy Phonics/Spelling demonstrate concepts of print and spoken word by identify whether the middle vowel • Look carefully at the word. Week 1 tracking print from left to right and top to sound is the same or different in a • Look for word parts you know and think • Spelling Instruction: Vowel + r sound set of one-syllable words about the sounds for the letters. in store, for following print from one line to the next line Blend the sounds to read the word. sort picture cards by beginning and (return sweep) • Ask yourself: Is it a word I know? Does • Word Wall: baby, sharp, garden, ending phoneme matching spoken words to print it make sense in what I am reading? watched, edge, only, together, enough, apply knowledge of beginning and • identify letters, words, and sentences • If not, ask yourself: What else can I break, divide, sure, head, laugh, began, ending consonants and short second try? differentiate between letters and words by vowels in single-syllable words by recognizing spaces between words in sentences ° recognizing beginning and Week 2 **Phonemic Awareness** locating capital letters in sentences ending consonant sounds • Routines: Manipulating phonemes, • Spelling Instruction: r-controlled locating periods, question marks, and separating the sounds in a sound in car connect sounds to letters, find small exclamation points, speech bubbles, and word words inside larger words, guide practice • Word Wall: divide, laugh, began, quotation marks. blending separately spoken • Activities: r-controlled words second, head, sure, break, against, phonemes to make a word already, caught, minute, begin, above spelling words Week 3 accurately decode unknown, • Spelling Instruction: Adding -est or orthographically regular, singleer to words syllable words and nonsense words (e.g., sit, zot). • Word Wall: above, against, already, begin, caught, minute, able, eye,

present, thought, begin, caught

FOURTH NINE WEEKS

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK		HOUGHTON MIFFLIN	ZANER-BLOSER
Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN HIGH-FREQUENCY WORDS	VOCABULARY	HANDWRITING
To be successful with this standard, students are expected to Icarn and use new words encountered in discussions and in books that are read aloud use words to orally describe actions, people, places, things, and ideas use words of time and position, including first, second, next, on, under, beside, and over, to give directions orally ask for meanings and clarification of unfamiliar words and ideas use singular and plural nouns appropriately read common high-frequency sight words. participate in a variety of oral language activities, such as listening to and discussing fiction and nonfiction print materials and trade books that reflect the Virginia Standards of Learning in English, history and social science, science, and mathematics listening and responding to stories and poems presented through recordings and experiencing other audiovisual materials in the context of curricular goals and objectives listening to stories and poems read aloud daily participating in discussions about stories and poems talking about words and their meanings as they are encountered in stories, poems, and conversations giving reactions to stories and poems listening and responding to stories and poems listening and responding to stories and poems presented participate in oral activities, including choral speaking and the reciting of short poems, rhymes, songs, and stories with repeated patterns tell and retell stories and events in logical order by retelling stories orally and through informal drama dictating retelling of stories creating their own stories, poems, plays, and songs indicating first, next, and last events in a story extend the story orally or with drawings express themselves in complete sentences. use appropriate pencil grip use standard number formation.	Week 1, Day 1: • Week 1, Day 2: began, break, divide, head, laugh, second, sure • Week 1, Day 3: Same as Day 2 • Week 2, Day 1: go, here, is, a, and, have, I, said, to • Week 2, Day 2: sure, laugh, break, began, head, second, begin, minute, already, above, against, caught • Week 2, Day 3: Same as Day 2 • Week 3, Day 1: above, against, already, begin, caught, minute, • Week 3, Day 2: above, against, already, begin, caught, minute, present, able, thoughts, eye ORAL LANGUAGE • Retelling (using language of the selection; answering who, where, when, what, how • Class discussion • Singing songs	Week 1 Reading a Cartoon Concept Vocabulary: fraction, equal, whole, one half Words from math; e.g. add, subtract, equal, half Words that name ordinal numbers; e.g. first, tenth Review Spelling patterns –or, -ore Week 2 Reading a Poem Concept Vocabulary: August, batteries, blink Prefixes re-, dis- Review Spelling pattern –ar Comparing how two things are alike Week 3 Reading a Chart Concept Vocabulary: ridges, plump, slender, rows, clumps Review Spelling Patterns –est, -er Suffix -ly Words that describe clothing; e.g. cap, jeans, pajamas	HANDWRITING

LANGUAGE ARTS CURRICULUM GUIDE

FOURTH NINE WEEKS

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CORE COMPREHENSION STRATEGIES	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPREHENSION SKILLS	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN LITERARY CONCEPTS	RESOURCES
 To be successful with this standard, students are expected to use prior knowledge to interpret pictures use titles and pictures to make predictions about text use knowledge of the story or topic to make predictions about vocabulary and text preview reading material by looking at the book's cover and illustrations and by reading titles and headings choose a purpose for reading by looking at the illustrations, determining prior knowledge, and predicting the outcome of the selection draw on prior knowledge to make predictions before and during reading make and confirm predictions based on illustrations or portions of the text use knowledge from their own experience to make sense of and talk about a text read various nonfiction forms, including letters, lists, recipes, newspapers, and magazines identify the topic or main idea of a short fiction or nonfiction selection identify characters, setting, and important events answer simple who, what, when, where, why, and how questions about a selection. 	 Predict/Infer (target Week 1) Think about the title, the illustrations, and what you have read so far. Tell what you think will happen next or what you will learn. Try to figure out things that the author does not say directly. Summarize (target Week 2) Think about the main ideas or the important parts of the selection. Tell in your own words the important things you have read Monitor/Clarify (target Week 3) Ask yourself if what you are reading makes sense or if you are learning what you want to learn. If you don't understand something, reread, read ahead, or use the illustrations. 	 Making predictions (target) Sequencing events (target) Identifying cause and effect (target) Noting details Comparing and contrasting Drawing conclusions Making inferences Connecting and comparing Identifying cause and effect Distinguishing fact from opinion Distinguishing realism from fantasy Sequence of events 	Imaginative Literature Genre: realistic fiction, fiction, fantasy, play, folktale Title, author, illustrator Story structure: characters, setting, problem Jokes and Lyrics: how to read, purpose to entertain Drama: narrator, characters, how to read a play Nonfiction Genre: nonfiction selections, social studies article Title, author Print features: title, headings, captions, photographs Text organization: topic, main idea and supporting details Realistic texts: make-believe vs. real life; story structure vs. informational texts; fantasy vs. realism Social studies article: topic/title; information/sequence; visuals/pictures Pictures: relationship of caption to picture, make inferences how characters are feeling, gathering information from	 Theme 10: We Can Do It! (Houghton Mifflin) Alphabet/Letter Books Wordless Picture Books (fiction/story and nonfiction/informational) Decodable Books Predictable Books Appropriate Leveled Books Appropriate Concept Books Breakthrough To Literacy Books Words Their Way Text & Word Sort CD MCPS Word Sort CD
		Com	prehension Tools	
		 3-column chart: topic, details, main idea 2-column comparison chart: topic, details, main idea 	 Cluster/web: main idea & to use to classify K-W-L chart Venn Diagram 3-column chart to use to classify concepts, e.g., animal, plant, nonliving 	

FOURTH NINE WEEKS

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK Essential Knowledge, Skills & Processes	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN FORMS AND GRAMMAR	HOUGHTON MIFFLIN WRITING	ASSESSMENT TOOLS
To be successful with this standard, students are expected to	Language Concepts/Grammar Week 1	INSTRUCTIONS • Prewriting/ Planning	Theme 10: We Can Do It! (Houghton Mifflin)
use previous experiences to generate ideas	Describing Things We Hear	➤ Choosing a topic	Observational Checklist
 participate in teacher-directed brainstorming activities participate in teacher-directed prewriting strategies, such as webbing, clustering, and 	 Week 2 Writing a Class Poem Describing things using the five senses Using adjectives. 	 Identify ideas through answers to teacher questions Talk with partner about the ideas that have come to mind and decide 	Phonics Decoding Screening Test
semantic mapping, to organize ideas		which one to write about	Leveled Reading Passages Assessment Kit
participate in teacher-directed charting activities to organize information	Week 3◆ Comparing words using –er, -est	 Organizing information Drawing a picture for each step and arranging the drawings in order. 	End-of-Selection
write a sentence that focuses on one topic		 Choosing words that describe picture and put steps in proper order 	Assessment (Multiple Choice
spell high-frequency sight words and phonetically regular words correctly in final copies	Preparing for Writing	 Asking a partner to review pictures and instructions to see if a step has 	and SOL format) End-of-Theme Assessment
sound out words in order to spell them phonetically	Experience	been omitted	Integrated Theme Test or
use print resources in the classroom to spell words	DiscussionShared reading selection	Drafting/Composing	Theme Skills Test
use correct end punctuation	Planning beginning, middle, end	➤ Using Time-Order Words; e.g. first, next, later	Spelling activities and/or test
begin each sentence with a capital letter		➤ Creating a first draft	test
use familiar writing forms, including lists, letters, stories, reports, messages, and poems	Writing Forms	 Revising/Written Expression Adding more detail 	Daily Writing Activities
create artwork or a written response that shows comprehension of a selection	Shared Writing: description; writing an opinion	Writing complete sentencesUsing correct word order	Student Practice Book Activities
 extend the story orally or with drawings share writing with others. 	 Interactive Writing: description; giving your opinion; a class poem; writing an alternative ending Independent Writing Independent Writing: theme related topic; 	 Proofreading/Editing Checklist End punctuation Capital letter to begin sentence Checking Spelling: commonly/frequently misspelled words/no excuse words Complete sentence with noun/verb 	
	write a thank you note (greeting, message, closing)	 Publishing Author's chair Class book Classroom display Act it out Make a poster Use computer 	